

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 28, 2014

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission File Number: 0-51142

UNIVERSAL TRUCKLOAD SERVICES, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Michigan
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

38-3640097
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

12755 E. Nine Mile Road
Warren, Michigan 48089
(Address, including Zip Code of Principal Executive Offices)

(586) 920-0100
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares of the registrant's common stock, no par value, outstanding as of July 28, 2014, was 29,954,459.

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1: FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

UNIVERSAL TRUCKLOAD SERVICES, INC.

Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands, except share data)

	June 28, 2014	December 31, 2013
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,106	\$ 10,223
Marketable securities	12,407	11,626
Accounts receivable – net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$3,030 and \$2,688, respectively	161,214	132,001
Other receivables	17,919	17,966
Due from affiliates	2,541	2,283
Prepaid income taxes	5,649	7,988
Prepaid expenses and other	16,859	16,426
Deferred income taxes	3,462	4,876
Total current assets	228,157	203,389
Property and equipment – net of accumulated depreciation of \$141,547 and \$137,606, respectively	161,429	142,656
Goodwill	74,589	74,589
Intangible assets – net of accumulated amortization of \$29,403 and \$24,345, respectively	57,749	62,807
Other assets	6,588	6,695
Total assets	\$528,512	\$ 490,136
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 66,888	\$ 46,487
Due to affiliates	4,960	3,618
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	23,871	21,072
Insurance and claims	22,476	22,719
Current maturities of capital lease obligations	1,408	1,592
Current portion of long-term debt	7,572	5,482
Total current liabilities	127,175	100,970
Long-term liabilities:		
Long-term debt	234,831	232,018
Capital lease obligations, net of current maturities	2,487	3,051
Deferred income taxes	40,436	43,748
Other long-term liabilities	4,517	4,784
Total long-term liabilities	282,271	283,601
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock, no par value. Authorized 100,000,000 shares; 30,766,067 and 30,746,067 shares issued; 29,954,459 and 30,114,324 shares outstanding, respectively	30,766	30,746
Paid-in capital	1,073	1,074
Treasury stock, at cost; 811,608 and 631,743 shares, respectively	(13,745)	(9,322)
Retained earnings	98,493	80,952
Accumulated other comprehensive income:		
Unrealized holding gain on available-for-sale securities, net of income taxes of \$1,699 and \$1,433, respectively	2,940	2,476
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(461)	(361)
Total shareholders' equity	119,066	105,565
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$528,512	\$ 490,136

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

UNIVERSAL TRUCKLOAD SERVICES, INC.
Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Income
(In thousands, except per share data)

	<u>Thirteen Weeks Ended</u>		<u>Twenty-six Weeks Ended</u>	
	<u>June 28, 2014</u>	<u>June 29, 2013</u>	<u>June 28, 2014</u>	<u>June 29, 2013</u>
Operating revenues:				
Transportation services	\$ 197,505	\$ 179,439	\$ 377,321	\$ 346,366
Value-added services	76,009	51,181	145,489	98,951
Intermodal services	34,035	33,552	64,103	66,964
Total operating revenues	<u>307,549</u>	<u>264,172</u>	<u>586,913</u>	<u>512,281</u>
Operating expenses:				
Purchased transportation and equipment rent	155,518	141,640	295,943	276,154
Direct personnel and related benefits	55,017	45,652	107,918	88,999
Commission expense	11,022	9,787	20,753	19,122
Operating expenses (exclusive of items shown separately)	30,789	19,715	61,279	38,875
Occupancy expense	6,578	5,300	13,413	10,262
Selling, general, and administrative	11,217	8,739	21,308	16,541
Insurance and claims	4,973	4,704	11,594	9,382
Depreciation and amortization	8,022	5,006	15,663	10,066
Total operating expenses	<u>283,136</u>	<u>240,543</u>	<u>547,871</u>	<u>469,401</u>
Income from operations	24,413	23,629	39,042	42,880
Interest income	8	29	23	53
Interest expense	(2,471)	(957)	(4,061)	(2,083)
Other non-operating income	125	127	214	261
Income before provision for income taxes	22,075	22,828	35,218	41,111
Provision for income taxes	8,442	8,674	13,461	15,583
Net income	<u>\$ 13,633</u>	<u>\$ 14,154</u>	<u>\$ 21,757</u>	<u>\$ 25,528</u>
Earnings per common share:				
Basic	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.72	\$ 0.85
Diluted	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.72	\$ 0.85
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:				
Basic	30,054	30,054	30,082	30,054
Diluted	30,092	30,196	30,124	30,196
Dividends paid common share	<u>\$ 0.07</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 0.14</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

UNIVERSAL TRUCKLOAD SERVICES, INC.
 Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
 (In thousands)

	<u>Thirteen Weeks Ended</u>		<u>Twenty-six Weeks Ended</u>	
	<u>June 28, 2014</u>	<u>June 29, 2013</u>	<u>June 28, 2014</u>	<u>June 29, 2013</u>
Net Income	\$ 13,633	\$ 14,154	\$ 21,757	\$ 25,528
Other comprehensive income:				
Unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale investments arising during the period, net of income taxes	337	4	464	647
Realized gains on available-for-sale investments reclassified into income, net of income taxes	—	(35)	—	(67)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	27	(461)	(100)	(173)
Total other comprehensive income	<u>364</u>	<u>(492)</u>	<u>364</u>	<u>407</u>
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$ 13,997</u>	<u>\$ 13,662</u>	<u>\$ 22,121</u>	<u>\$ 25,935</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

UNIVERSAL TRUCKLOAD SERVICES, INC.
Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(In thousands)

	<u>Twenty-six Weeks Ended</u>	
	<u>June 28,</u> <u>2014</u>	<u>June 29,</u> <u>2013</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 21,757	\$ 25,528
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	15,663	10,066
Gain on sale of marketable equity securities	—	(107)
Loss (gain) on disposal of property and equipment	42	(63)
Provision for doubtful accounts	674	889
Amortization of debt issuance costs	346	—
Deferred income taxes	(2,165)	123
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Trade and other accounts receivable	(29,857)	(10,825)
Prepaid income taxes, prepaid expenses and other assets	1,653	(359)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities, and insurance and claims	22,977	(1,368)
Due to/from affiliates, net	1,074	2,495
Other long-term liabilities	(267)	(144)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>31,897</u>	<u>26,235</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures	(30,157)	(5,498)
Proceeds from the sale of property and equipment	734	641
Purchases of marketable securities	(51)	(9)
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	—	520
Acquisition of business	—	(250)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(29,474)</u>	<u>(4,596)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from borrowing - revolving debt	66,697	8,431
Repayments of debt - revolving debt	(62,008)	(26,431)
Proceeds from borrowing - term debt	2,500	—
Repayments of debt - term debt	(2,286)	—
Payment of capital lease obligations	(748)	—
Dividends paid	(4,216)	—
Purchases of treasury stock	(4,423)	—
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs	19	—
Payment of earnout obligations related to acquisitions	—	(23)
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(4,465)</u>	<u>(18,023)</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	<u>(75)</u>	<u>7</u>
Net (decrease) increase in cash	<u>(2,117)</u>	<u>3,623</u>
Cash and cash equivalents – beginning of period	<u>10,223</u>	<u>2,554</u>
Cash and cash equivalents – end of period	<u>\$ 8,106</u>	<u>\$ 6,177</u>
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	<u>\$ 3,579</u>	<u>\$ 1,856</u>
Cash paid for income taxes	<u>\$ 13,253</u>	<u>\$ 14,954</u>
Acquisition of business:		
Payment of acquisition obligation	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 250</u>
Net cash paid for acquisition of business	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 250</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

UNIVERSAL TRUCKLOAD SERVICES, INC.
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of Universal Truckload Services, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries (“we”, “us”, “our”, “Universal”, or “the Company”), have been prepared by the Company’s management. In the opinion of management, the unaudited consolidated financial statements include all normal recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the information required to be set forth therein. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted from these statements pursuant to such rules and regulations and, accordingly, should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 and for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2013 included in the Company’s Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires the use of management’s estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Our fiscal year ends on December 31 and consists of four quarters, each with thirteen weeks.

(2) Marketable Securities

At June 28, 2014 and December 31, 2013, marketable securities, all of which are available-for-sale, consist of common and preferred stocks. Marketable securities are carried at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses, net of related income taxes, reported as accumulated other comprehensive income, except for losses from impairments which are determined to be other-than-temporary. Realized gains and losses, and declines in value judged to be other-than-temporary on available-for-sale securities are included in the determination of net income and are included in other non-operating income (expense), at which time the average cost basis of these securities are adjusted to fair value. Fair values are based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. Interest and dividends on available-for-sale securities are included in other non-operating income (expense).

The cost, gross unrealized holding gains, gross unrealized holding losses, and fair value of available-for-sale securities by type were as follows (in thousands):

	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Gross unrealized holding gains</u>	<u>Gross unrealized holding (losses)</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
At June 28, 2014				
Equity Securities	<u>\$7,768</u>	<u>\$ 4,776</u>	<u>\$ (137)</u>	<u>\$12,407</u>
At December 31, 2013				
Equity Securities	<u>\$7,717</u>	<u>\$ 3,974</u>	<u>\$ (65)</u>	<u>\$11,626</u>

Included in equity securities at June 28, 2014 are securities with a fair value of \$0.4 million with a cumulative loss position of \$0.1 million, the impairment of which we consider to be temporary. We consider several factors in our determination as to whether declines in value are judged to be temporary or other-than-temporary, including the severity and duration of the decline, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the specific issuers and the industries in which they operate, and our intent and ability to hold these securities. We may incur future impairment charges if declines in market values continue and/or worsen and impairments are no longer considered temporary.

UNIVERSAL TRUCKLOAD SERVICES, INC.
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(2) Marketable Securities - continued

The fair value and gross unrealized holding losses of our marketable securities that are not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired aggregated by type and length of time they have been in a continuous unrealized loss position were as follows (in thousands):

	<u>Less than 12 Months</u>		<u>12 Months or Greater</u>		<u>Total</u>	
	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Unrealized Losses</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Unrealized Losses</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Unrealized Losses</u>
At June 28, 2014						
Equity securities	<u>\$279</u>	<u>\$ 62</u>	<u>\$ 168</u>	<u>\$ 75</u>	<u>\$447</u>	<u>\$ 137</u>
At December 31, 2013						
Equity securities	<u>\$167</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>\$ 289</u>	<u>\$ 62</u>	<u>\$456</u>	<u>\$ 65</u>

Our portfolio of equity securities in a continuous loss position, the impairment of which we consider to be temporary, consists primarily of common stocks in the banking, steel, and transportation industries. The fair value and unrealized losses are distributed in 5 publicly traded companies, with no single industry or company representing a material or concentrated unrealized loss. We have evaluated the near-term prospects of the various industries, as well as the specific issuers within our portfolio, in relation to the severity and duration of the impairments, and based on that evaluation, as well as our ability and intent to hold these investments for a reasonable period of time to allow for a recovery of fair value, we do not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at June 28, 2014.

We may, from time to time, invest cash in excess of our current needs in marketable securities, much of which is held in equity securities, which are actively traded on public exchanges. It is our philosophy to minimize the risk of capital loss without foregoing the potential for capital appreciation through investing in value-and-income oriented investments. However, holding equity securities subjects us to fluctuations in the market value of our investment portfolio based on current market prices, and a decline in market prices or other unstable market conditions could cause a loss in the value of our marketable securities classified as available-for-sale.

(3) Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities is comprised of the following (in thousands):

	<u>June 28, 2014</u>	<u>December 31, 2013</u>
Payroll related items	\$ 9,990	\$ 8,080
Driver escrow liabilities	6,537	6,099
Commissions, taxes and other	7,344	6,893
Total	<u>\$23,871</u>	<u>\$ 21,072</u>

UNIVERSAL TRUCKLOAD SERVICES, INC.
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(4) Debt

Debt is comprised of the following (in thousands):

	Interest Rates at June 28, 2014	June 28, 2014	December 31, 2013
Outstanding Debt:			
Syndicated credit facility			
\$120 million revolving credit facility	LIBOR + 1.85%	\$ 61,500	\$ 60,000
Swing Line sub-facility	Prime + 0.85%	3,189	—
\$60 million equipment financing facility	LIBOR + 2.35%	57,714	57,500
\$50 million term loan	LIBOR + 3.00%	50,000	50,000
\$70 million term loan B	LIBOR + 3.00%	70,000	70,000
UBS secured borrowing facility	LIBOR + 1.10%	—	—
		<u>242,403</u>	<u>237,500</u>
Less current portion		7,572	5,482
Total long-term debt		<u>\$234,831</u>	<u>\$ 232,018</u>

Syndicated credit facility

On December 19, 2013, we entered into a Second Amendment (the "Amendment") to our Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement dated August 28, 2012, (the "Credit Agreement") with and among the lenders parties thereto and Comerica Bank, as administrative agent, to provide for aggregate borrowing facilities of up to \$300 million. The Amendment modifies the Credit Agreement to allow for additional borrowings of \$70 million under a new term loan and a \$10 million increase in the revolving credit facility. The Credit Agreement, as amended, consists of a \$120 million revolving credit facility (which amount may be increased by up to \$20 million upon our request and approval of the lenders), a \$60 million equipment credit facility, a \$50 million term loan, and a \$70 million term loan B. Additionally, the Credit Agreement provides for up to \$5 million in letters of credit, which letters of credit reduce availability under the revolving credit facility.

\$120 million Revolving Credit Facility

The revolving credit facility is available to refinance existing indebtedness and to finance working capital through August 28, 2017. Two interest rate options are applicable to advances borrowed pursuant to the facility: Eurodollar-based advances and base rate advances. Eurodollar-based advances bear interest at 30, 60 or 90-day LIBOR rates plus an applicable margin, which varies from 1.35% to 2.10% based on our ratio of total debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"), as defined. As an alternative, base rate advances bear interest at a base rate, as defined, plus an applicable margin, which also varies based on our ratio of total debt to EBITDA in a range from 0.35% to 1.10%. The base rate is the greater of the prime rate announced by Comerica Bank, the federal funds effective rate plus 1.0%, or the daily adjusting LIBOR rate plus 1.0%. At June 28, 2014, interest accrued at 2.00% based on 30-day LIBOR.

(4) Debt - continued

To support daily borrowing and other operating requirements, the revolving credit facility contains a \$10.0 million Swing Line sub-facility and a \$5.0 million letter of credit sub-facility. On June 3, 2013, we executed an amendment to our Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement (the "First Amendment") which split the availability on the Swing Line between two existing lenders, Comerica Bank and KeyBank. The SwingLine was split to provide for borrowings of up to \$7.0 million from Comerica Bank and \$3.0 million from KeyBank, so long as the Comerica Bank and KeyBank advances do not exceed \$10.0 million in the aggregate. Swing Line borrowings incur interest at either the base rate plus the applicable margin or, alternatively, at a quoted rate offered by the applicable Swing Line lender in its sole discretion. At June 28, 2014, there was \$3.2 million outstanding under the Swing Line and interest accrued at 4.10% based on the prime rate. We did not have any letters of credit issued against the revolving credit facility.

Interest on the unpaid balance of all revolving credit facility and swing line base rate advances is payable quarterly in arrears commencing on October 1, 2012, and on the first day of each October, January, April and July thereafter. Interest on the unpaid balance of each Eurodollar-based advance of the revolving credit facility is payable on the last day of the applicable Eurodollar interest period. Interest on the unpaid balance of each quoted rate based advance of the swing line is payable on the last day of the applicable quoted rate interest period.

The revolving credit facility is subject to a facility fee, which is payable quarterly in arrears, of either 0.25% or 0.50%, depending on our ratio of total debt to EBITDA. Other than in connection with Eurodollar-based advances or quoted rate advances that are paid off and terminated prior to an applicable interest period, there are no premiums or penalties resulting from prepayment. Borrowings outstanding at any time under the revolving credit facility are limited to the value of eligible accounts receivable of our principal operating subsidiaries, pursuant to a monthly borrowing base certificate. At June 28, 2014, our \$61.5 million revolver advance was secured by, among other assets, net eligible accounts receivable totaling \$136.3 million, of which, \$103.8 million were available for borrowing against pursuant to the agreement.

\$60 million Equipment Credit Facility

The equipment credit facility is available to refinance existing indebtedness and to finance capital expenditures including in connection with acquisitions. Borrowings under the equipment credit facility may be made until August 28, 2015, and such borrowings shall be repaid in quarterly installments equal to 1/28th of the aggregate amount of borrowings under the equipment credit facility commencing on January 1, 2014.

The two interest rate options that apply to revolving credit facility advances also apply to equipment credit facility advances. Eurodollar-based advances bear interest at 30, 60 or 90-day LIBOR rates plus an applicable margin, which varies from 1.60% to 2.60% based on our ratio of total debt to EBITDA. Base rate advances bear interest at a base rate, as defined, plus an applicable margin, which also varies based on our ratio of total debt to EBITDA in a range from 0.60% to 1.60%. The equipment credit facility is subject to an unused fee, which is payable quarterly in arrears, of 0.50%. At June 28, 2014, interest accrued at 2.50% based on 30-day LIBOR.

Interest on the unpaid balance of all equipment credit facility base rate advances is payable quarterly in arrears commencing on October 1, 2012, and on the first day of each October, January, April and July thereafter. Interest on the unpaid balance of each Eurodollar-based advance of the equipment credit facility is payable on the last day of the applicable Eurodollar interest period.

\$50 million Term Loan

Proceeds of the term loan were advanced on October 1, 2012 and used to refinance existing indebtedness of LINC. The outstanding principal balance is due on August 28, 2017, to the extent not already reduced by mandatory or optional prepayments. The applicable interest rate on the effective date of the term loan indebtedness was the base rate. Base rate advances bear interest at a defined base rate plus an applicable margin which varies from 1.50% to 2.25%, based on our ratio of total debt to EBITDA. Thereafter, we may convert base rate advances to Eurodollar-based advances, which bear interest at 30, 60 or 90-day LIBOR rates plus an applicable margin which varies from 2.50% to 3.25%, based on our ratio of total debt to EBITDA. At June 28, 2014, interest accrued at 3.15% based on 30-day LIBOR.

(4) Debt - continued

Interest on the unpaid principal of all term loan base rate advances is payable quarterly in arrears commencing on October 1, 2012, and on the first day of each October, January, April and July thereafter. Interest on the unpaid principal of each Eurodollar-based advance of the term loan is payable on the last day of the applicable Eurodollar interest period.

\$70 million Term Loan B

Proceeds of the term loan were advanced on December 19, 2013 and used to finance the acquisition of Westport. The outstanding principal balance is due on August 28, 2017, to the extent not already reduced by mandatory or optional prepayments. The applicable interest rate on the effective date of the term loan indebtedness was the base rate. Base rate advances bear interest at a defined base rate plus an applicable margin which varies from 1.50% to 2.25%, based on our ratio of total debt to EBITDA. Thereafter, we may convert base rate advances to Eurodollar-based advances, which bear interest at 30, 60 or 90-day LIBOR rates plus an applicable margin which varies from 2.50% to 3.25%, based on our ratio of total debt to EBITDA. At June 28, 2014, interest accrued at 3.15% based on 30-day LIBOR.

Interest on the unpaid principal of all term loan base rate advances is payable quarterly in arrears commencing on January 1, 2014, and on the first day of each January, April, July and October thereafter. Interest on the unpaid principal of each Eurodollar-based advance of the term loan is payable on the last day of the applicable Eurodollar interest period.

The Credit Agreement requires us to repay the borrowings made under the term loan facilities and the equipment credit facility as follows: 50% (which percentage shall be reduced to 0% subject to the Company attaining a certain leverage ratio) of our annual excess cash flow, as defined; 100% of net cash proceeds of certain asset sales; and 100% of certain insurance and condemnation proceeds. There were no mandatory prepayments of the term loans due as of June 28, 2014. We may voluntarily repay outstanding loans under each of the facilities at any time, subject to certain customary "breakage" costs with respect to LIBOR-based borrowings. In addition, we may elect to permanently terminate or reduce all or a portion of the revolving credit facility.

All obligations under the Credit Agreement are unconditionally guaranteed by the Company's material U.S. subsidiaries and the obligations of the Company and such subsidiaries under the Credit Agreement and such guarantees are secured by, subject to certain exceptions, substantially all of their assets. The Credit Agreement also may, in certain circumstances, limit our ability to pay dividends or distributions. The Credit Agreement includes annual, quarterly and ad hoc financial reporting requirements and financial covenants requiring us to maintain maximum leverage ratios and a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio, as well as customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default. Specifically, we may not exceed a maximum senior debt to EBITDA ratio, as defined, of 2.5:1 and a maximum total debt to EBITDA ratio, as defined, of 3.0:1. We must also maintain a fixed charge coverage ratio, as defined, of not less than 1.25:1. As of June 28, 2014, we were in compliance with our debt covenants.

UBS Secured Borrowing Facility

We also maintain a secured borrowing facility at UBS Financial Services, Inc., or UBS, using our marketable securities as collateral for the short-term line of credit. The line of credit bears an interest rate equal to LIBOR plus 1.10% (effective rate of 1.25% at June 28, 2014), and interest is adjusted and billed monthly. No principal payments are due on the borrowing; however, the line of credit is callable at any time. The amount available under the line of credit is based on a percentage of the market value of the underlying securities. If the equity value in the account falls below the minimum requirement, we must restore the equity value, or UBS may call the line of credit. As of June 28, 2014 and December 31, 2013, there were no amounts outstanding under the line of credit, and the maximum available borrowings were \$5.9 million and \$5.4 million, respectively.

(5) Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures

FASB ASC Topic 820, “Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures”, defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and expanded disclosures with respect to fair value measurements.

FASB ASC Topic 820 also establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. This hierarchy requires entities to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

- Level 1 — Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 — Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 — Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. This includes certain pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies and similar techniques that use significant unobservable inputs.

We have segregated all financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis into the most appropriate level within the fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used to determine the fair value at the measurement date in the tables below (in thousands):

	June 28, 2014			Fair Value Measurement
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets				
Cash equivalents	\$ 34	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 34
Marketable securities	12,407	—	—	12,407
Total Assets	\$12,441	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 12,441
	December 31, 2013			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value Measurement
Assets				
Cash equivalents	\$ 117	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 117
Marketable securities	11,626	—	—	11,626
Total Assets	\$11,743	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 11,743

(5) Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures – continued

The valuation techniques used to measure fair value for the items in the tables above are as follows:

- Cash equivalents – This category consists of money market funds which are listed as Level 1 assets and measured at fair value based on quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.
- Marketable securities – Marketable securities represent equity securities, which consist of common and preferred stocks, are actively traded on public exchanges and are listed as Level 1 assets. Fair value was measured based on quoted prices for these securities in active markets.

Our senior debt and line of credit consists of variable rate borrowings. We categorize borrowings under the credit agreement and line of credit as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. The carrying value of these borrowings approximate fair value because the applicable interest rates are adjusted frequently based on short-term market rates.

(6) Transactions with Affiliates

Through December 31, 2004, we were a wholly-owned subsidiary of CenTra, Inc. On December 31, 2004, CenTra distributed all of our common stock to the shareholders of CenTra. Subsequent to our initial public offering in 2005, our majority shareholders retained and continue to hold a controlling interest in us. CenTra and affiliates of CenTra provide administrative support services to us, including legal, human resources, and tax services. The cost of these services is based on the actual or estimated utilization of the specific service. Management believes these charges are reasonable. However, the costs of these services charged to us are not necessarily indicative of the costs that would have been incurred if we had internally performed or acquired these services as a separate unaffiliated entity.

In addition to the administrative support services described above, we purchase other services from affiliates. Following is a schedule of cost incurred for services provided by affiliates for the thirteen weeks and twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 and June 29, 2013 (in thousands):

	<u>Thirteen weeks ended</u>		<u>Twenty-six weeks ended</u>	
	<u>June 28, 2014</u>	<u>June 29, 2013</u>	<u>June 28, 2014</u>	<u>June 29, 2013</u>
Administrative support services	\$ 434	\$ 355	\$ 958	\$ 889
Truck fueling and maintenance	404	703	606	1,142
Real estate rent and related costs	2,310	2,885	5,274	5,487
Insurance and employee benefit plans	8,694	7,632	19,022	17,534
Contracted transportation services	122	83	211	149
Total	<u>\$11,964</u>	<u>\$11,658</u>	<u>\$ 26,071</u>	<u>\$ 25,201</u>

In connection with our transportation services, we also routinely cross the Ambassador Bridge between Detroit, Michigan and Windsor Ontario, and we pay tolls and other fees to certain related entities which are under common control with CenTra. CenTra also charges us for the direct variable cost of various maintenance, fueling and other operational support costs for services delivered at their trucking terminals that are geographically remote from our own facilities. Such activities are billed when incurred, paid on a routine basis, and reflect actual labor utilization, repair parts costs or quantities of fuel purchased.

A significant number of our transportation and logistics service operations are located at facilities leased from affiliates. At 36 facilities, occupancy is based on either month-to-month or contractual, multi-year lease arrangements which are billed and paid monthly. Leasing properties provided by an affiliate that owns a substantial commercial property portfolio affords us significant operating flexibility. However, we are not limited to such arrangements.

UNIVERSAL TRUCKLOAD SERVICES, INC.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(6) Transactions with Affiliates - continued

We purchase workers' compensation, property and casualty, cargo, warehousing and other general liability insurance from an insurance company controlled by our majority shareholders. Our employee health care benefits and 401(k) programs are also provided by this affiliate.

Other services from affiliates, including leased real estate, insurance and employee benefit plans, and contracted transportation services, are delivered to us on a per-transaction-basis or pursuant to separate contractual arrangements provided in the ordinary course of business. At June 28, 2014 and December 31, 2013, amounts due to affiliates were \$5.0 million and \$3.6 million, respectively. In our Consolidated Balance Sheets, we record our insured claims liability and the related recovery from an affiliate insurance provider in insurance and claims, and other receivables. At June 28, 2014 and December 31, 2013, there were \$14.8 million and \$15.8 million, respectively, included in each of these accounts for insured claims.

During the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014, we purchased one used trailer from an affiliate for approximately \$4 thousand. For the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014, we purchased ten used tractors and one used trailer from an affiliate totaling approximately \$0.8 million.

We also retained the law firm of Sullivan Hincks & Conway to provide legal services during the period. Daniel C. Sullivan, a member of our Board, is a partner at Sullivan Hincks & Conway. Not included in the table above are amounts paid for legal services during the thirteen and twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 of \$12 thousand and \$25 thousand, respectively. Also not included in the table above are amounts paid for legal services during the thirteen and twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013 of \$3 thousand.

Services provided by Universal to Affiliates

We may assist our affiliates with selected transportation and logistics services in connection with their specific customer contracts or purchase orders. Following is a schedule of services provided to affiliates for the thirteen weeks and twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 and June 29, 2013 (in thousands):

	Thirteen weeks ended		Twenty-six weeks ended	
	June 28, 2014	June 29, 2013	June 28, 2014	June 29, 2013
Transportation and intermodal services	\$ 30	\$ 2,362	\$ 288	\$ 7,573
Truck fueling and maintenance	42	63	86	98
Administrative and customer support services	—	92	5	120
Total	\$ 72	\$ 2,517	\$ 379	\$ 7,791

At June 28, 2014 and December 31, 2013, amounts due from Affiliates were \$2.5 million and \$2.3 million, respectively.

During the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014, we sold 16 used trailers to an affiliate for \$32 thousand. For the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014, we sold 39 used trailers to an affiliate for approximately \$78 thousand. The trailers were fully depreciated, and therefore, the sale of which resulted in a gain of approximately \$78 thousand.

During the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014, we incurred approximately \$0.5 million of costs related to an underwritten public offering of our common stock. Under the Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of July 25, 2012 with our majority shareholders, we were responsible to pay for the cost of the offering. After deducting the underwriting discount and offering expenses, we had approximately \$19 thousand in proceeds remaining from the sale of our common stock.

UNIVERSAL TRUCKLOAD SERVICES, INC.
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(7) Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income includes the following (in thousands):

	<u>Thirteen weeks ended</u>		<u>Twenty-six weeks ended</u>	
	<u>June 28, 2014</u>	<u>June 29, 2013</u>	<u>June 28, 2014</u>	<u>June 29, 2013</u>
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on available-for-sale investments arising during the period:				
Gross amount	\$ 532	\$ 16	\$ 730	\$ 798
Income tax (expense) benefit	(195)	(12)	(266)	(151)
Net of tax amount	<u>\$ 337</u>	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ 464</u>	<u>\$ 647</u>
Realized (gains) on available-for-sale investments reclassified into income:				
Gross amount	\$ —	\$ (55)	\$ —	\$ (107)
Income tax expense	—	20	—	40
Net of tax amount	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ (35)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ (67)</u>
Foreign currency translation adjustments	<u>\$ 27</u>	<u>\$ (461)</u>	<u>\$ (100)</u>	<u>\$ (173)</u>

(8) Shareholders' Equity

In May 2014, we sold 20,000 shares of our common stock in an underwritten public offering at a price of \$26.00 per share. After deducting the underwriting discount and offering expenses, we had we had approximately \$19 thousand in proceeds remaining from the sale of our common stock.

(9) Stock Based Compensation

On April 23, 2014, our Board of Directors adopted the 2014 Amended and Restated Stock Incentive Plan, or the Plan. The Plan was approved by our shareholders at the 2014 Annual Meeting and became effective as of the date it was adopted by the Board of Directors. The Plan replaced our 2004 Stock Incentive Plan and allows for the issuance of a total of 500,000 shares of common stock. The grants may be made in the form of stock options, restricted stock bonuses, restricted stock purchase rights, stock appreciation rights, phantom stock units, restricted stock units or unrestricted common stock. Restricted stock awards currently outstanding under the 2004 Stock Incentive Plan will remain outstanding in accordance with the terms of that plan.

On December 20, 2012, the Company granted 178,137 shares of restricted stock to certain of its employees under the 2004 Stock Incentive Plan. The restricted stock grants vested 20% on December 20, 2012, and an additional 20% will vest on each anniversary of the grant through December 20, 2016, subject to continued employment of the grantee with the Company.

(9) Stock Based Compensation - continued

The following table summarizes the status of the Company's non-vested shares and related information for the period indicated:

	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value</u>
Non-vested at January 1, 2014	106,885	\$ 16.42
Granted	—	\$ —
Vested	—	\$ —
Forfeited	—	\$ —
Balance at June 28, 2014	<u>106,885</u>	<u>\$ 16.42</u>

As of June 28, 2014, there was approximately \$1.8 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested share-based compensation arrangements. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3 years.

(10) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per common share amounts are based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding, excluding outstanding non-vested restricted stock. Diluted earnings per common share include dilutive common stock equivalents determined by the treasury stock method. For the thirteen weeks and twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014, there were 37,652 and 41,859 weighted average non-vested shares of restricted stock included in the denominator for the calculation of diluted earnings per share, respectively. For the thirteen weeks and twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013, there were 142,511 weighted average non-vested shares of restricted stock included in the denominator for the calculation of diluted earnings per share.

(11) Dividends

On April 24, 2014, our Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.07 per share of common stock, payable to shareholders of record at the close of business on May 5, 2014 and paid on May 15, 2014. Declaration of future cash dividends is subject to final determination by the Board of Directors each quarter after its review of our financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, any legal or contractual restrictions on the payment of dividends and other factors the Board of Directors deems relevant.

(12) Segment Reporting

We report our financial results in two reportable segments, the transportation segment and the logistics segment, based on the nature of the underlying customer commitment and the types of investments required to support these commitments. This presentation reflects the manner in which management evaluates our operating segments, including an evaluation of economic characteristics and applicable aggregation criteria.

Operations aggregated in our transportation segment are associated with individual freight shipments coordinated by our agents, company-managed terminals and specialized services operations. In contrast, operations aggregated in our logistics segment deliver value-added services or transportation services to specific customers on a dedicated basis, generally pursuant to contract terms of one year or longer. Other non-reportable operating segments are comprised of the Company's subsidiaries that provide support services to other subsidiaries and to owner-operators, including shop maintenance and equipment leasing.

UNIVERSAL TRUCKLOAD SERVICES, INC.
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements - Continued

(12) Segment Reporting - continued

The following tables summarize information about our reportable segments as of and for the thirteen week and twenty-six week period ended June 28, 2014 and June 29, 2013 (in thousands):

	Thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014			Total
	Transportation	Logistics	Other	
Operating revenues	\$ 195,374	\$ 112,062	\$ 113	\$307,549
Eliminated inter-segment revenues	1,676	1,769	—	3,445
Income from operations	9,819	16,081	(1,487)	24,413
Total assets	240,486	253,270	34,756	528,512

	Thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013			Total
	Transportation	Logistics	Other	
Operating revenues	\$ 178,261	\$ 85,805	\$ 106	\$264,172
Eliminated inter-segment revenues	169	23	—	192
Income from operations	7,504	16,890	(765)	23,629
Total assets	225,755	87,869	21,758	335,382

	Twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014			Total
	Transportation	Logistics	Other	
Operating revenues	\$ 370,723	\$215,968	\$ 222	\$586,913
Eliminated inter-segment revenues	3,238	3,505	—	6,743
Income from operations	15,129	25,762	(1,849)	39,042
Total assets	240,486	253,270	34,756	528,512

	Twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013			Total
	Transportation	Logistics	Other	
Operating revenues	\$ 347,803	\$164,267	\$ 211	\$512,281
Eliminated inter-segment revenues	320	49	—	369
Income from operations	13,220	30,644	(984)	42,880
Total assets	225,755	87,869	21,758	335,382

(13) Commitments and Contingencies

Our principal commitments relate to long-term real estate leases and payment obligations to equipment vendors.

We are involved in certain claims and pending litigation arising from the ordinary conduct of business. We also provide accruals for claims within our self-insured retention amounts. Based on the knowledge of the facts, and in certain cases, opinions of outside counsel, in the Company's opinion the resolution of these claims and pending litigation will not have a material effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

At June 28, 2014, approximately 40.7% of our employees in the United States, Mexico and Canada are subject to collective bargaining agreements that are renegotiated periodically, none of which are subject to contracts that expire in 2014.

(14) New Accounting Standards

In April 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2014-08, Presentation of Financial Statements and Property, Plant, and Equipment, which provided new guidance related to reporting discontinued operations. This new standard raises the threshold for a disposal to qualify as a discontinued operation and requires new disclosures of both discontinued operations and certain other disposals that do not meet the definition of a discontinued operation. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2014. Early adoption is permitted but only for disposals that have not been reported in financial statements previously issued. We are evaluating the impact, if any, of adopting this new accounting standard on our financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which provided new accounting guidance related to revenue recognition. ASU 2014-09 will replace all current U.S. GAAP guidance on this topic and eliminate all industry-specific guidance. The new revenue recognition standard provides a unified model to determine when and how revenue is recognized. The core principle is that a company should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration for which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. This guidance will be effective for fiscal periods beginning January 1, 2017 and can be applied either retrospectively to each period presented or as a cumulative-effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. We are evaluating the impact of adopting this new accounting standard on our financial statements.

(15) Subsequent Events

On July 24, 2014, our Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.07 per share of common stock, payable to shareholders of record at the close of business on August 4, 2014 and expected to be paid on August 14, 2014. Declaration of future cash dividends is subject to final determination by the Board of Directors each quarter after its review of our financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, any legal or contractual restrictions on the payment of dividends and other factors the Board of Directors deems relevant.

ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Some of the statements and assumptions in this Form 10-Q are forward-looking statements. These statements identify prospective information. Important factors could cause actual results to differ, possibly materially, from those in the forward-looking statements. In some cases you can identify forward-looking statements by words such as "anticipate," "believe," "could," "estimate," "plan," "intend," "may," "should," "will" and "would" or other similar words. You should read statements that contain these words carefully because they discuss our future expectations, contain projections of our future results of operations or of our financial position or state other "forward-looking" information. Forward-looking statements should not be read as a guarantee of future performance or results, and will not necessarily be accurate indications of the times at, or by which, such performance or results will be achieved. Forward-looking information is based on information available at the time and/or management's good faith belief with respect to future events, and is subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual performance or results to differ materially from those expressed in the statements. The factors listed in the section captioned "Risk Factors" in Item 1A in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, as well as any other cautionary language in that Form 10-K, provide examples of risks, uncertainties and events that may cause our actual results to differ materially from the expectations we describe in our forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date the statements are made. We assume no obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect actual results, changes in assumptions or changes in other factors affecting forward-looking information except to the extent required by applicable securities laws. If we do update one or more forward-looking statements, no inference should be drawn that we will make additional updates with respect thereto or with respect to other forward-looking statements.

Overview

We are a leading asset-light provider of customized transportation and logistics solutions throughout the United States, Mexico and Canada. We provide our customers with supply chain solutions that can be scaled to meet their changing demands and volumes. We offer our customers a broad array of services across their entire supply chain, including transportation, value-added, and intermodal services. Our customized solutions and flexible business model are designed to provide us with a highly variable cost structure.

We provide a comprehensive suite of transportation and logistics solutions that allow our customers and clients to reduce costs and manage their global supply chains more efficiently. We market our services through a direct sales and marketing network focused on selling our portfolio of services to large customers in specific industry sectors, through a network of agents who solicit freight business directly from shippers, and through company-managed facilities and full-service freight forwarding and customs house brokerage offices. We believe our asset-light business model is highly scalable and will support growth with comparatively modest capital expenditure requirements. Our asset-light model, combined with a disciplined approach to contract structuring and pricing, creates a highly flexible cost structure that allows us to expand and contract quickly in response to changes in demand from our customers.

We generate substantially all of our revenues through fees charged to customers for the transportation of freight and for the customized logistics services we provide. We also derive revenue from fuel surcharges, where separately identifiable, loading and unloading activities, equipment detention, container management and storage and other related services. Operations aggregated in our transportation segment are associated with individual freight shipments coordinated by our agents, company-managed terminals and specialized services operations. In contrast, operations aggregated in our logistics segment deliver value-added services and transportation services to specific customers on a dedicated basis, generally pursuant to contract terms of one year or longer. Our segments are distinguished by the amount of forward visibility we have in regards to pricing and volumes, and also by the extent to which we dedicate resources and company-owned equipment.

The following discussion of the Company's financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 and the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes contained in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

Operating Revenues

We broadly group our services into the following categories: transportation services, value-added services and intermodal services. The following table sets forth operating revenues resulting from each of these categories for the thirteen weeks and twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 and June 29, 2013, presented as a percentage of total operating revenues:

	Thirteen Weeks Ended		Twenty-six Weeks Ended	
	June 28, 2014	June 29, 2013	June 28, 2014	June 29, 2013
Operating revenues:				
Transportation services	64.2%	67.9%	64.3%	67.6%
Value-added services	24.7	19.4	24.8	19.3
Intermodal services	11.1	12.7	10.9	13.1
Total operating revenues	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth items derived from our consolidated statements of income for the thirteen weeks and twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 and June 29, 2013, presented as a percentage of operating revenues:

	Thirteen Weeks Ended		Twenty-six Weeks Ended	
	June 28, 2014	June 29, 2013	June 28, 2014	June 29, 2013
Operating revenues:	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Operating expenses:				
Purchased transportation and equipment rent	50.6	53.6	50.4	53.9
Direct personnel and related benefits	17.9	17.3	18.4	17.4
Commission expense	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.7
Operating expenses (exclusive of items shown separately)	10.0	7.5	10.4	7.6
Occupancy expense	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.0
Selling, general, and administrative	3.6	3.3	3.6	3.2
Insurance and claims	1.6	1.8	2.0	1.8
Depreciation and amortization	2.6	1.9	2.7	2.0
Total operating expenses	<u>92.1</u>	<u>91.1</u>	<u>93.3</u>	<u>91.6</u>
Income from operations	7.9	8.9	6.7	8.4
Interest and other non-operating income (expense), net	(0.8)	(0.3)	(0.7)	(0.4)
Income before provision for income taxes	7.1	8.6	6.0	8.0
Provision for income taxes	2.7	3.3	2.3	3.0
Net income	<u>4.4%</u>	<u>5.3%</u>	<u>3.7%</u>	<u>5.0%</u>

Thirteen Weeks Ended June 28, 2014 Compared to Thirteen Weeks ended June 29, 2013

Operating revenues. Operating revenues for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 increased by \$43.3 million, or 16.4%, to \$307.5 million from \$264.2 million for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. Included in operating revenues are fuel surcharges, where separately identifiable, of \$31.9 million for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014, which compares to \$30.6 million for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. Revenues from our transportation segment increased \$17.1 million, or 9.6%, and income from operations increased \$2.3 million, or 30.9% compared to the same period last year. The transportation segment experienced solid increases in both volume and pricing, particularly in our flatbed and specialized heavy-haul operations. In our logistics segment, revenues increased \$26.3 million, or 30.6%, over the same period last year, which was primarily attributable to our acquisition of Westport in December 2013. Income from operations in our logistics segment decreased \$0.8 million, or 4.8%, to \$16.1 million compared to the same period last year, and also included the results of Westport, which contributed approximately \$4.1 million to income from operations. Operating margins in our logistics segment are returning to historical levels after the negative impact of the harsh winter in the first quarter of 2014. However, they were still negatively impacted in the second quarter of 2014 by an increase in service claims, additional start-up costs for a recently awarded dedicated service contract, and exit costs at one of our closed value-added

service operations. Excluding the results of Westport in the second quarter of 2014, operating margins in our logistics segment decreased from 19.7% for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013 to 14.0% for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014.

The increase in consolidated operating revenues is the result of increases in our transportation services of \$18.1 million, \$24.8 million in our value-added service operations, which included \$26.3 million from Westport, and \$0.5 million in our intermodal services. We experienced an increase in total transportation demand in our key markets, particularly in wind-energy and oil field, as well as improved pricing. The number of loads from our transportation operations increased to 167,299 for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 compared to 158,274 for thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013, and our operating revenue per loaded mile, excluding fuel surcharges, increased to \$2.54 from \$2.36 for thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013.

The decreased demand in our existing value-added services was primarily due to the loss of an automotive customer's value-added service operations during the second quarter of 2014. At June 28, 2014, we provided value-added services at 47 locations, including 4 Westport locations, compared to 44 at June 29, 2013.

Our intermodal operations also experienced an increase in operating revenues per loaded mile; however, this increase was partially offset by a decrease in the number of loads hauled. The number of intermodal loads decreased to 77,460 for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 compared to 82,000 for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013, while our operating revenue per loaded mile, excluding fuel surcharges, increased to \$4.28 from \$3.62 for thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013.

Purchased transportation and equipment rent. Purchased transportation and equipment rental costs for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 increased by \$13.9 million, or 9.8%, to \$155.5 million from \$141.6 million for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. Purchased transportation and equipment rent generally increases or decreases in proportion to the revenues generated through owner-operators and other third party providers, and is generally correlated with changes in demand for transportation and intermodal services. Combined, transportation and intermodal service revenues increased 8.7% to \$231.5 million for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 compared to \$213.0 million for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. As a percentage of operating revenues, purchased transportation and equipment rent expense decreased to 50.6% for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 from 53.6% for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. This decrease is primarily due to an increase in combined intermodal and value-added service revenues as a percentage of total revenues, which have typically operated with lower purchased transportation and equipment rental costs. Value-added and intermodal services revenues combined comprise 35.8% of total operating revenues for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 compared to 32.1% for same period last year.

Direct personnel and related benefits. Direct personnel and related benefits expenses for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 increased by \$9.3 million, or 20.4%, to \$55.0 million compared to \$45.7 million for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. Trends in these expenses are generally correlated with changes in operating facilities and headcount requirements and, therefore, increase with the level of demand for our value-added services and staffing needs of our operations. The increase in direct personnel and related benefits expense was primarily due to the operations of Westport, which accounted for \$7.7 million of the increase, as well as employee severance costs related to the closing of one of our value-added service operations. As a percentage of operating revenues, personnel and related benefits expenses increased to 17.9% for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014, compared to 17.3% for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. The percentage is derived on an aggregate basis from both existing and new programs, and from customer operations at various stages in their lifecycles. Individual operations may be impacted by additional production shifts or by overtime at selected operations. While generalizations about the impact of personnel and related benefits costs as a percentage of total operating revenues are difficult, we manage compensation and staffing levels, including the use of contract labor, to maintain target economics based on near-term projections of demand for our services.

Commission expense. Commission expense for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 increased by \$1.2 million, or 12.2%, to \$11.0 million from \$9.8 million for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. The absolute increase was primarily due to the increase in our operating revenues from transportation services. Commission expense generally increases or decreases in proportion to our transportation and intermodal revenues, excluding where we generate a higher proportion of our revenues at company-managed terminals. As a percentage of operating revenues, commission expense decreased slightly to 3.6% for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 compared to 3.7% for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. As a percentage of operating revenues, the decrease in commission expense is due to an increase in our value-added service operations, including Westport, where no commissions are paid.

Operating expenses (exclusive of items shown separately). Operating expenses (exclusive of items shown separately) increased by \$11.1 million, or 56.3%, to \$30.8 million for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014, compared to \$19.7 million for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. As a percentage of operating revenues, other operating expenses

(exclusive of items shown separately) increased to 10.0% for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 from 7.5% for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. These expenses include items such as fuel, maintenance, cost of materials, insurance, communications, utilities and other general expenses, and generally relate to fluctuations in customer demand. The increase was primarily due to the operations of Westport, which totaled \$8.5 million in operating expenses (exclusive of items shown separately), as well as start-up costs for a dedicated transportation operation which started in the second quarter of 2014. Increases include increased fuel expenses on company owned tractors of \$1.3 million, \$0.5 million in travel and related costs, repair and maintenance expense of \$0.4 million, and other operating expenses of \$0.7 million.

Occupancy expense. Occupancy expense for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 increased by \$1.3 million, or 24.5%, to \$6.6 million from \$5.3 million for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. As a percentage of operating revenues, occupancy expense increased slightly to 2.1% for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 compared to 2.0% for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. The absolute increase in occupancy expense is primarily attributable to the operations of Westport, which contributed approximately \$1.4 million in additional building rents and related costs during the period.

Selling, general and administrative. Selling, general and administrative expense for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 increased by \$2.5 million, or 28.7%, to \$11.2 million from \$8.7 million for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. As a percentage of operating revenues, selling, general and administrative expense increased to 3.6% for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 compared to 3.3% for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. The largest component of selling, general and administrative expense, salaries and wages, increased \$1.4 million, including \$0.8 million attributable to Westport. Minor fluctuations in other expense categories reflect our efforts to maintain stable overhead expenditures while expanding the business.

Insurance and claims. Insurance and claims expense for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 increased by \$0.3 million, or 6.4%, to \$5.0 million from \$4.7 million for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. As a percentage of operating revenues, insurance and claims decreased to 1.6% for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 from 1.8% for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. The absolute increase was primarily the result of increases in auto liability insurance premiums and claims expense of \$0.6 million, which was partially offset by a decrease in our cargo and service claims expense of \$0.3 million.

Depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization expense for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 increased by \$3.0 million, or 60.0%, to \$8.0 million from \$5.0 million for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. The absolute increase is primarily the result of the acquisition of Westport. Amortization on Westport's acquired intangible assets was \$2.1 million, while depreciation expense on acquired machinery, equipment and leasehold improvement was approximately \$0.6 million. Additional increases in depreciation expense are attributable to the significant investment in capital expenditures which totaled \$19.4 million during the second quarter of 2014. These increases were partially offset by decreases in certain other intangible assets becoming fully amortized.

Interest expense, net. Net interest expense was \$2.5 million for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 compared to \$0.9 million for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. As of June 28, 2014 we had outstanding borrowings totaling \$242.4 million, including \$120.5 million advanced on December 19, 2013 in connection with our acquisition of Westport, compared to \$128.0 million at June 29, 2013.

Other non-operating income. Other non-operating income remained consistent at \$0.1 million for both the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 and June 29, 2013. There were no significant or unusual items impacting other non-operating income.

Provision for income taxes. Provision for income taxes for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 was \$8.4 million compared to \$8.7 million for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013, based on an effective tax rate of 38.2% and 38.0%, respectively.

Twenty-six Weeks Ended June 28, 2014 Compared to Twenty-six Weeks ended June 29, 2013

Operating revenues. Operating revenues for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 increased by \$74.6 million, or 14.6%, to \$586.9 million from \$512.3 million for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. Included in operating revenues are fuel surcharges, where separately identifiable, of \$60.9 million for twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014, which compares to \$59.5 million for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. Revenues from our transportation segment increased \$22.9 million, or 6.6%, and income from operations increased \$1.9 million, or 14.4% compared to the same period last year. In our logistics segment, revenues increased \$51.7 million, or 31.5%, over the same period last year, and included \$51.6 million of revenues from our December 2013 acquisition of Westport. Income from operations in our logistics segment decreased \$4.9 million, or 15.9%, to \$25.8 million compared to the same period last year, and also included the results of Westport, which contributed approximately \$7.1 million to income from operations. Although

operating margins in our logistics segment improved during the second quarter of 2014 compared to the prior quarter, the year to date results continue to reflect the negative impact of the harsh weather conditions we experienced during the first quarter of 2014. Excluding the results of Westport in the second quarter of 2014, operating margins in our logistics segment decreased from 18.7% for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013 to 11.9% for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014.

The increase in consolidated operating revenues was primarily the result of a \$31.0 million increase in our transportation services and \$51.6 million of acquisition revenue from Westport in our value-added service operations. These increases were partially offset by decreases of \$2.9 million in our intermodal services and \$5.0 million in our existing value-added service business. The increase in transportation services was the result of both higher load volumes and improved operating revenues per loaded mile. The number of loads from our transportation operations increased to 317,660 for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 compared to 309,315 for twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. Our operating revenue per loaded mile, excluding fuel surcharges increased to \$2.55 from \$2.34 for twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013.

The decreased demand in our existing value-added services was primarily due to the phase out of an aerospace operation due to reductions in military spending, in-sourcing at an industrial customer's value-added service operations and the closing of operations at an automotive customer's location. At June 28, 2014, we provided value-added services at 47 locations, including 4 Westport locations, compared to 44 at June 29, 2013.

Our intermodal operations also experienced an increase in operating revenues per loaded mile; however, this increase was entirely offset by a decrease in the number of loads hauled and a \$7.6 million reduction in our domestic container-related operations with an affiliate. Our operating revenue per loaded mile, excluding fuel surcharges, increased to \$4.20 from \$3.59 for twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013; however, the number of intermodal loads decreased to 145,081 for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 compared to 159,657 for twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013.

Purchased transportation and equipment rent. Purchased transportation and equipment rental costs for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 increased by \$19.7 million, or 7.1%, to \$295.9 million from \$276.2 million for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. Purchased transportation and equipment rent generally increases or decreases in proportion to the revenues generated through owner-operators and other third party providers, and is generally correlated with changes in demand for transportation and intermodal services. Combined, transportation and intermodal service revenues increased 6.8% to \$441.4 million for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 compared to \$413.3 million for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. As a percentage of operating revenues, purchased transportation and equipment rent expense decreased to 50.4% for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 from 53.9% for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. This decrease is primarily due to a combined increase in intermodal and value-added service revenues as a percentage of total revenues, which have typically operated with lower purchased transportation and equipment rental costs. Value-added and intermodal services revenues combined comprise 35.7% of total operating revenues for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 compared to 32.4% for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013.

Direct personnel and related benefits. Direct personnel and related benefits expenses for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 increased by \$18.9 million, or 21.2%, to \$107.9 million compared to \$89.0 million for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. Trends in these expenses are generally correlated with changes in operating facilities and headcount requirements and, therefore, increase with the level of demand for our value-added services and staffing needs of our operations. The increase in direct personnel and related benefits expense was primarily due to the operations of Westport, which accounted for \$15.4 million of the increase. The loss of productivity and additional labor and overtime needs to meet customer service obligations during the harsh winter experienced in the first quarter of 2014, and the lower productivity during the start-up phase of a recently awarded dedicated transportation contract both negatively impacted the year-to-date results. As a percentage of operating revenues, personnel and related benefits expenses increased to 18.4% for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014, compared to 17.4% for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. The percentage is derived on an aggregate basis from both existing and new programs, and from customer operations at various stages in their lifecycles. Individual operations may be impacted by additional production shifts or by overtime at selected operations. While generalizations about the impact of personnel and related benefits costs as a percentage of total revenue are difficult, we manage compensation and staffing levels, including the use of contract labor, to maintain target economics based on near-term projections of demand for our services.

Commission expense. Commission expense for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 increased by \$1.7 million, or 8.9%, to \$20.8 million from \$19.1 million for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. The absolute increase was primarily due to the increase in our operating revenues from transportation services. Commission expense generally increases or decreases in proportion to our transportation and intermodal revenues, excluding where we generate a higher proportion of our revenues at company-managed terminals. As a percentage of operating revenues, commission expense decreased to 3.5% for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 compared to 3.7% for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. As a percentage of operating revenues, the decrease in commission expense is due to an increase in our value-added services operations, including Westport, where no commissions are paid.

Operating expenses (exclusive of items shown separately). Operating expenses (exclusive of items shown separately) increased by \$22.4 million, or 57.6%, to \$61.3 million for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014, compared to \$38.9 million for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. As a percentage of operating revenues, other operating expenses (exclusive of items shown separately) increased to 10.4% for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 from 7.6% for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. These expenses include items such as fuel, maintenance, cost of materials, insurance, communications, utilities and other general expenses, and generally relate to fluctuations in customer demand. The increase was primarily due to the operations of Westport, which totaled \$17.1 million in operating expenses (exclusive of items shown separately). Additional increases include increased fuel expenses on company owned tractors of \$2.0 million, repair and maintenance expense of \$1.8 million and other operating expenses of \$1.1 million.

Occupancy expense. Occupancy expense for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 increased by \$3.1 million, or 30.1%, to \$13.4 million from \$10.3 million for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. As a percentage of operating revenue, occupancy expense increased to 2.3% for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 compared to 2.0% for the same period last year. The absolute increase in occupancy expense is primarily attributable to the operations of Westport, which contributed approximately \$3.0 million in additional building rents and related costs during the period.

Selling, general and administrative. Selling, general and administrative expense for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 increased by \$4.8 million, or 29.1%, to \$21.3 million from \$16.5 million for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. As a percentage of operating revenues, selling, general and administrative expense increased to 3.6% for the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 compared to 3.2% for the thirteen weeks ended June 29, 2013. The largest component of selling, general and administrative expense, salaries, wages and related benefits, increased \$3.8 million, including \$1.4 million attributable to Westport. Minor fluctuations in other expense categories reflect our efforts to maintain stable overhead expenditures while expanding the business.

Insurance and claims. Insurance and claims expense for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 increased by \$2.2 million, or 23.4%, to \$11.6 million from \$9.4 million for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. As a percentage of operating revenues, insurance and claims expense increased to 2.0% for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 from 1.8% for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. The absolute decrease was primarily the result of increases in auto liability insurance premiums and claims expense of \$0.8 million and in cargo and service claims expense of \$1.3 million.

Depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization expense for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 increased by \$5.6 million, or 55.4%, to \$15.7 million from \$10.1 million for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. The absolute increase is primarily the result of the acquisition of Westport. Amortization on Westport's acquired intangible assets was \$4.2 million, while depreciation expense on acquired machinery, equipment and leasehold improvement was approximately \$1.2 million. Additional increases in depreciation expense are attributable to the significant investment in capital expenditures totaling \$30.2 million in 2014. These increases were partially offset by decreases in certain other intangible assets becoming fully amortized.

Interest expense, net. Net interest expense was \$4.0 million for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 compared to \$2.1 million for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. As of June 28, 2014 we had outstanding borrowings totaling \$242.4 million, including \$120.5 million advanced on December 19, 2013 in connection with our acquisition of Westport, compared to \$128.0 million at June 29, 2013.

Other non-operating income. Other non-operating income for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 was \$0.2 million compared to \$0.3 million for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013. There were no significant or unusual items impacting other non-operating income.

Provision for income taxes. Provision for income taxes for the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 was \$13.5 million compared to \$15.6 million for the twenty-six weeks ended June 29, 2013, based on an effective tax rate of 38.2% and 37.9%, respectively.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our primary sources of liquidity are funds generated by operations, our availability under our \$120 million revolving credit and \$60 million equipment credit facilities, our ability to borrow on margin against our marketable securities held at UBS, and proceeds from the sales of marketable securities. Additionally, our revolving credit facility includes an accordion feature which would allow us to increase availability by up to \$20 million upon our request and approval of the lenders.

We employ an asset-light operating strategy which we believe lowers our capital expenditure requirements. In general, our facilities used in our value-added services are leased on terms that are either substantially matched to our customer's contracts, are month-to-month or are provided to us by our customers. We also utilize owner-operators and third-party carriers to provide a significant portion of our transportation and specialized services. A significant portion of the tractors and trailers used in our business are provided by our owner-operators. In addition, our use of agents reduces our overall need for large terminals. As a result, our capital expenditure requirements are limited in comparison to most large transportation and logistics service providers, which maintain significant properties and sizable fleets of owned tractors and trailers.

During the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014, our capital expenditures totaled \$30.2 million. These expenditures primarily consisted of transportation equipment and investments in support of our value-added service operations. Our asset-light business model depends somewhat on the customized solutions we implement for specific customers. As a result, our capital expenditures will depend on specific new contracts and the overall age and condition of our owned transportation equipment. Through the end of 2014, exclusive of acquisitions of businesses, we expect to incur capital expenditures in the range of 4% to 5.5% of operating revenues for the acquisition of transportation equipment, to support our value-added service operations and for the acquisition of real property acquisitions and improvements to our existing terminal yard and container facilities. Our capital expenditures as a percentage of operating revenues will be somewhat higher in 2014 compared to historical levels in the range of 2% to 3% to support a recent logistics award and a value-added opportunity we are currently pursuing.

We have a cash dividend policy which anticipates a total annual dividend of \$0.28 per share of common stock, payable in quarterly increments of \$0.07 per share of common stock. We paid \$0.14 per common share, or \$4.2 million, during the twenty-six week period ended June 28, 2014. On July 24, 2014, our Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.07 per share of common stock, which is payable to shareholders of record at the close of business on August 4, 2014 and is expected to be paid on August 14, 2014. Declaration of future cash dividends are subject to final determination by the Board of Directors each quarter after its review of our financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, any legal or contractual restrictions on the payment of dividends and other factors the Board of Directors deems relevant.

We expect that our cash flow from operations, working capital and available borrowings will be sufficient to meet our capital commitments and fund our operational needs for at least the next twelve months. Based on the availability of borrowings under our credit facilities, against our marketable security portfolio and other financing sources, and assuming the continuation of our current level of profitability, we do not expect that we will experience any liquidity constraints in the foreseeable future.

We continue to evaluate business development opportunities, including potential acquisitions that fit our strategic plans. There can be no assurance that we will identify any opportunities that fit our strategic plans or will be able to execute any such opportunities on terms acceptable to us. Depending on prospective consideration to be paid for an acquisition, any such opportunities would be financed first from available cash and cash equivalents and availability of borrowings under our credit facilities.

Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement

On December 19, 2013, the Company entered into a Second Amendment, (the "Amendment"), to its Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement dated August 28, 2012, (the "Credit Agreement"), with and among the lenders parties thereto and Comerica Bank, as administrative agent, to provide for aggregate borrowing facilities of up to \$300 million. The Amendment modifies the Credit Agreement to allow for additional borrowings of \$70 million under a new term loan and a \$10 million increase in the revolving credit facility. The Credit Agreement, as amended, consists of a \$120 million revolving credit facility (which amount may be increased by up to \$20 million upon request of the Company and approval of the lenders), a \$60 million equipment credit facility, a \$50 million term loan, and a \$70 million term loan B. Additionally, the Credit Agreement provides for up to \$5 million in letters of credit, which letters of credit reduce availability under the revolving credit facility. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility may be made until, and mature on, August 28, 2017. Borrowings under the equipment credit facility may be made until August 28, 2015, and such borrowings made in any year shall be repaid in 28 quarterly installments commencing January 1, 2014. Borrowings under the term loan facilities shall mature on August 28, 2017. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement bear interest at LIBOR or a base rate, plus an applicable margin for each. The applicable margin fluctuates based on the Company's total debt to EBITDA ratio, as defined in the Credit Agreement.

The Credit Agreement requires us to repay the borrowings made under the term loan facility and the equipment credit facility as follows: 50% (which percentage shall be reduced to 0% subject to the Company attaining a certain leverage ratio)

of our annual excess cash flow, as defined; 100% of net cash proceeds of certain asset sales; and 100% of certain insurance and condemnation proceeds. We may voluntarily repay outstanding loans under each of the facilities at any time, subject to certain customary “breakage” costs with respect to LIBOR-based borrowings. In addition, we may elect to permanently terminate or reduce all or a portion of the revolving credit facility.

All obligations under the Credit Agreement are unconditionally guaranteed by our material U.S. subsidiaries and the obligations of the Company and such subsidiaries under the Credit Agreement and such guarantees are secured by, subject to certain exceptions, substantially all of their assets. The Credit Agreement also may, in certain circumstances, limit our ability to pay dividends or distributions. The Credit Agreement includes financial covenants requiring us to maintain maximum leverage ratios and a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio, as well as customary affirmative and negative covenants and events of default. At June 28, 2014, the Company was in compliance with its debt covenants. At June 28, 2014, our \$61.5 million revolver advance was secured by, among other assets, net eligible accounts receivable totaling \$136.3 million, of which, \$103.8 were available for borrowing pursuant to the agreement.

Secured Line of Credit

The Company maintains a secured borrowing facility at UBS Financial Services, Inc., or UBS, using its marketable securities as collateral for the short-term line of credit. The line of credit bears an interest rate equal to LIBOR plus 1.10%, and interest is adjusted and billed monthly. No principal payments are due on the borrowing; however, the line of credit is callable at any time. The amount available under the line of credit is based on a percentage of the market value of the underlying securities. If the equity value in the account falls below the minimum requirement, the Company must restore the equity value, or UBS may call the line of credit. As of June 28, 2014 there was no outstanding balance under the line of credit, and the maximum available borrowings against the line of credit were \$5.9 million.

Discussion of Cash Flows

At June 28, 2014, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$8.1 million compared to \$10.2 million at December 31, 2013. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$31.9 million, while we used \$29.5 million in investing activities and \$4.5 million in financing activities.

The \$31.9 million in net cash provided by operations was primarily attributed to \$21.8 million of net income which reflects non-cash depreciation and amortization, losses on the sales property and equipment, provisions for doubtful accounts, amortization of debt issuance costs and a change in deferred income taxes totaling \$14.6 million, net. Net cash provided by operating activities also reflects an aggregate increase in net working capital totaling \$4.4 million. The increase in the working capital position is primarily the result of an increase in accounts receivable and a decrease in other long-term liabilities, which was partially offset by increases in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities, insurance and claims accruals, and a decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets. Affiliate transactions decreased net cash provided by operating activities during the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014 by \$1.1 million. This increase consisted of an increase in accounts payable to affiliates of \$1.3 million, while accounts receivable from affiliates increased \$0.2 million.

The \$29.5 million in net cash used in investing activities consisted of \$30.2 million of capital expenditures, partially offset by \$0.7 million in proceeds from the sale of property and equipment.

Net cash used in financing activities totaled \$4.5 million. As of June 28, 2014, we had outstanding borrowings totaling \$242.4 million compared to \$237.5 million at December 31, 2013. During the twenty-six weeks ended June 28, 2014, we utilized our revolving credit facility to provide liquidity to fund our capital expenditures on a short-term basis. We also paid cash dividends of \$4.2 million, \$4.4 million for purchases of treasury stock pursuant to our share repurchase program, and \$0.7 million to pay capital lease obligations.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

None.

Critical Accounting Policies

A summary of critical accounting policies is presented in Item 7, “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Critical Accounting Policies”, of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. There have been no changes in our accounting policies during the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014.

Seasonality

Generally, demand for our value-added services delivered to existing customers increases during the second calendar quarter of each year as a result of the automotive industry's spring selling season and decreases during the third quarter of each year due to the impact of scheduled OEM customer plant shutdowns in July and August for vacations and changeovers in production lines for new model years. Our value-added services business is also impacted in the fourth quarter by plant shutdowns during the December holiday period. Prolonged adverse weather conditions, particularly in winter months, can also adversely impact margins due to productivity declines and related challenges meeting customer service requirements.

Additionally, our transportation services business, excluding dedicated transportation tied to specific customer supply chains, is generally impacted by decreased activity during the post-holiday winter season and, in certain states during hurricane season, because some shippers reduce their shipments and inclement weather impedes trucking operations or underlying customer demand.

ITEM 3: QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have not been any material changes to the Company's market risk during the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014. For additional information, please see the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

ITEM 4: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to paragraph (b) of Rule 13a-15 or 15d-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (or the Exchange Act). Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of June 28, 2014, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in causing the material information required to be disclosed in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act (i) to be recorded, processed, summarized and reported, to the extent applicable, within the time periods required for us to meet the Securities and Exchange Commission's (or SEC) filing deadlines for these reports specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) to be accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Internal Controls

There have been no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting during the thirteen weeks ended June 28, 2014 identified in connection with our evaluation that has materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

ITEM 1: LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Information with respect to legal proceedings and other exposures appears in Part I, Item 1, Note (14) of the “Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements,” and in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

ITEM 1A: RISK FACTORS

Other than the risk factor set forth below, there have been no material changes to our risk factors as previously disclosed in Item 1A to Part 1 of our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.

We may not realize the expected benefits of the Westport Acquisition because of integration difficulties and other challenges.

On December 19, 2013, we acquired Westport in a transaction pursuant to which Westport became our wholly owned subsidiary (the “Westport Acquisition”). The success of the Westport Acquisition will depend, in part, on our ability to integrate Westport’s business with our existing businesses. The integration process may be complex, costly and time-consuming. The difficulties of integrating the operations of Westport’s business include, among others:

- failure to implement our business plan for the combined business;
- unanticipated changes in applicable laws and regulations;
- failure to retain key employees;
- failure to retain customers and suppliers;
- operating, competitive and market risks inherent in Westport’s business and our business;
- the impact of the Westport Acquisition on our internal controls and compliance with the regulatory requirements under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002; and
- unanticipated issues, expenses and liabilities.

We may not accomplish the integration of Westport’s business smoothly, successfully or within the anticipated cost range or timeframe. The diversion of our management’s attention from our current operations to the integration effort and any difficulties encountered in combining operations could prevent us from realizing the full benefits anticipated to result from the Westport Acquisition and could adversely affect our business.

ITEM 2: UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table provides information regarding the Company's purchases of its Common Stock during the period from March 30, 2014 to June 28, 2014, the Company's second fiscal quarter:

<u>Fiscal Period</u>	<u>Total Number of Shares Purchased</u>	<u>Average Price Paid per Share</u>	<u>Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Program</u>	<u>Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under the Program</u>
March 29, 2014			—	168,471
March 30, 2014 - April 26, 2014	—	\$ —	—	168,471
April 27, 2014 - May 24, 2014	31,170	23.10	31,170	137,301
May 25, 2014 - June 28, 2014	137,301	24.65	137,301	—
Total	168,471	\$ 24.36	168,471	—

On November 6, 2007, the Company announced that it had been authorized to purchase up to 800,000 shares of its Common Stock from time to time in the open market. As of June 28, 2014, all 800,000 shares have been purchased under this authorization. On June 30, 2014, the Company announced that it had been authorized purchase up to an additional 800,000 shares of its Common Stock from time to time in the open market. There have not yet been any additional purchases of shares under this authorization.

ITEM 3: DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4: MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5: OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6: EXHIBITS

The exhibits listed on the Exhibit Index are furnished as part of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
3.1	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed on November 15, 2004)
3.2	Amendment to Articles of Incorporation (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(i)-1 and 3(i)-2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 1, 2012)
3.3	Amended and Restated Bylaws, as amended effective April 22, 2009 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 24, 2009)
4.1	Amended and Restated Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of July 25, 2012, among Registrant, Matthew T. Moroun, the Manuel J. Moroun Revocable Trust U/A March 24, 1977, as amended and restated on December 22, 2004 and the M.J. Moroun 2012 Annuity Trust dated April 30, 2012 ((Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 26, 2012)
31.1*	Chief Executive Officer certification, as adopted pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2*	Chief Financial Officer certification, as adopted pursuant to section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1**	Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS**	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH**	XBRL Schema Document
101.CAL**	XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB**	XBRL Labels Linkbase Document
101.PRE**	XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document

* Filed herewith.

** Furnished herewith

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report on Form 10-Q to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Universal Truckload Services, Inc.
(Registrant)

Date: August 6, 2014

By: /s/ David A. Crittenden
David A. Crittenden
Chief Financial Officer

Date: August 6, 2014

By: /s/ H.E. "Scott" Wolfe
H.E. "Scott" Wolfe
Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT**

I, H. E. "Scott" Wolfe, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Universal Truckload Services, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors:
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 6, 2014

/s/ H. E. "Scott" Wolfe

H.E. "Scott" Wolfe
Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT**

I, David A. Crittenden, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Universal Truckload Services, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors:
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 6, 2014

/s/ David A. Crittenden

David A. Crittenden
Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report, or the Report, of Universal Truckload Services, Inc., or the Company, on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 28, 2014, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, each of the undersigned, H. E. "Scott" Wolfe, as Chief Executive Officer of the Company, David A. Crittenden, as Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of his knowledge, respectively, that (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 6, 2014

/s/ H. E. "Scott" Wolfe

H. E. "Scott" Wolfe
Chief Executive Officer

/s/ David A. Crittenden

David A. Crittenden
Chief Financial Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document.